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### BT-3/D-21

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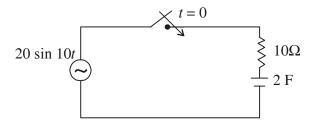
## NETWORK THEORY Paper–EC-213A

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 75

**Note:** Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each unit.

#### UNIT-I

- **1.** (a) What is incidence matrix in network? Explain its properties.
  - (b) Find the step response (by applying of a constant voltage source at the close of a switch) of a series RLC circuit.
- **2.** (a) What are singularity functions? Give examples.
  - (b) In the circuit shown in fig, find the transient current when the switch is closed at t = 0. Assume zero initial conditions.



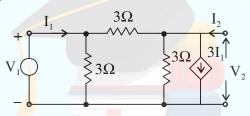
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#### UNIT-II

- 3. Derive the Transient Response in series R-C circuit with sinusoidal excitation for second order circuit. A step voltage of 10 V is applied at t = 0 in a R-C series circuit where  $R = 2\Omega$ . C = 2F. The initial charge of the capacitor is nil. calculate i(t) using Laplace Transform.
- **4.** The Laplace transform of a voltage v(t) is V(s) = 4(s + 1)/(s + 2)(s + 3). Draw poles and zeros of this function and determine v(t) using pole-zero plot.

#### UNIT-III

**5.** (a) Determine the *y*-parameters of the network shown in figure.



- (b) The Z-parameters of a two port network are Z11 = 15, Z22 = 24, Z12 = Z21 = 6.
  - Determine (i) ABCD parameters and (ii) Equivalent T network.
- **6.** (a) Derive the *h*-parameters of Two port networks. Also determine the condition of reciporicity and symmetry in *h*-parameter network.
  - (b) Explain the parallel connection of Two port network.

#### **UNIT-IV**

- 7. (a) Design a T and  $\pi$  section constant-K Low pass filter having a cut-off frequency of 2 kHz and nominal impedance  $R_0 = 600~\Omega$ . Obtain a) characteristics impedance and phase constant at 24 kHz when cut off frequency is 10 kHz.
  - (b) List and explain the synthesis properties of R-L impedance functions.
- 8. (a) Design an m drive T section for high pass filter having cut off frequency 10 kHz, design impedance 600  $\Omega$  and frequency of infinite attenuation of 15 kHz.
  - (b) Describe the criterion to determine whether a polynomial is Hurwitz polynomial or not.

