

B TECH
(SEM VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19
PARALLEL ALGORITHM

Time: 3 Hours**Total Marks: 100****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.**SECTION A**

- 1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20**
- a. Explain matrix operations in parallel algorithm.
 - b. What is sequential bottleneck in Amdahl's law
 - c. What is parallel- backtracking ?
 - d. Write two approaches used for dimensionality reduction.
 - e. Show the difficulties of solving linear equation on parallel machine in brief.
 - f. What is sequential alpha-beta search ?
 - g. What is SIMD ?
 - h. Explain hyper cube connection.
 - i. What is the complexity of prefix sum in PRAM model ?
 - j. How long does the parallel version of Prim's minimum spanning tree finding algorithm require for a graph with n nodes using p processors

SECTION B

- 2. Attempt any three of the following: 10x3=30**
- a. What do you mean by parallel sorting networks? Also discuss the enumeration sort algorithm?
 - b. Explain Bitonic merge sort. Sort a list (C, D, B, H, E, G, F, A) using bitonic merge sort.
 - c. Describe the Butterfly Model with suitable diagram
 - d. Explain PRAM Computational model. Along with brief explanation of EREW and CREW computational model.
 - e. Explain even-odd transposition sort and shear sort algorithm with neat and clean diagrams.

SECTION C

- 3. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- a. Write and discuss Cost-optimal Parallel algorithm to find prefix sums and explain Brent's theorem ? Write its statement and proof.
 - b. Explain parallel merging. Also explain merging on EREW model.
- 4. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- a. Describe a quicksort algorithm suitable for implementation on hypercube multi-computers.
 - b. Explain the following
 - i. Contrasting pipelining and data parallelism
 - ii. scalability
- 5. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- a. Discuss the vector-matrix multiplication with the help of example.
 - b. What is data parallelism? Explain difference between Data Parallelism Vs Task Parallelism and Data Parallelism and Model Parallelism.
- 6. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- a. A p-processor PRIORITY PRAM can be simulated by a p-processor EREW PRAM with time complexity increases by a factor of $\Theta(\log p)$. Prove it
 - b. Explain parallel Branch and Bound search?
- 7. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- a. What is combinational search problem ? Describe a combinatorial searching problem solving methodology that can be represented by tree. Also explain the breadth search and depth search algorithm with example.
 - b. Explain the following
 - i. Parallel version algorithm for all pair shortest paths.
 - ii. Parallel Kruskal's algorithm for MST.