

BT-3/D-20

43080

## DISCRETE STRUCTURES

CSE-2011N/IT-209N

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 75

**Note :** Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting at least *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

**Unit I**

1. (a) In a survey of 60 people, it was found that :  
25 read Newsweek magazine, 26 read Time, 26 read Fortune, 9 read both Newsweek and Fortune, 11 read both Newsweek and Time, 8 read both Time and Fortune, 3 read all three magazines. **10**
- (i) Find the number of people who read at least one of the three magazines.
- (ii) Find the number of people who read exactly one magazine.
- (iii) Find the number of people who read Newsweek and Time but not all three magazines.

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- (iv) Find the number of people who read Newsweek and Fortune but not all three magazines.
- (v) Find the number of people who read Fortune and Time but not all three magazines.
- (vi) Find the number of people who read only Newsweek.
- (vii) Find the number of people who read only Time.
- (viii) Find the number of people who read only Fortune.
- (ix) Find the number of people who read no magazine at all.
- Also draw a Venn diagram of the above problem.
- (b) Determine whether or not  $\sim p \leftrightarrow (p \vee \sim p)$  is a tautology or contradiction. **5**

2. (a) Prove that  $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$  is true for every natural number  $n$ . **7**
- (b) What are normal forms ? Discuss its various types using suitable examples. **8**

**Unit II**

3. (a) Prove that  $(D_{30} \leq)$  is a lattice. Also draw a hasse diagram of  $D_{30}$ . **7**
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- (b) Let  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ . Define a relation R on  $\Sigma^*$  as :  $xRy$  if  $x$  is a prefix of  $y$ . Is R a partial order ? **8**
4. (a) Write down the Warshall's algorithm for finding the shortest path. Explain the algorithm using suitable examples. **10**
- (b) Let  $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$  and let  $r = \{(0, 0), (1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (1, 3)\}$ . **5**
- (i) Show that  $r$  is an equivalence relation on A.
- (ii) Let  $a$  belongs to A and define  $c(a) = \{b \text{ belongs to } A \mid a r b\}$ ,  $c(a)$  is called the equivalence class of the elements  $a$  under  $r$ . Find  $c(a)$  for each element  $a$  belonging to A. **5**

**Unit III**

5. (a) Using generating functions, solve the recurrence relation  $a_n = 6a_{n-1} - 9a_{n-2}$ , where  $a_0 = 2$  and  $a_1 = 3$ . **7**
- (b) Prove that \*A function  $f : A \rightarrow B$  is invertible if and only if both one-to-one and onto\*. **8**

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6. (a) Each user on a computer system has a password, which is six to eight characters long, where each character is an uppercase letter or a digit. How many possible passwords are there ? **10**
- (b) State and prove Pigeonhole principle. **5**

**Unit IV**

7. (a) Define a semigroup and a group and prove that a semi-group G is a group if and only if the equations  $ax = b$  and  $ya = b$  has solutions in G for arbitrary  $a, b \in G$ . **7**
- (b) Define homomorphism and its properties. Check whether  $\theta : Z_5 \rightarrow Z_2$  is defined by  $\theta(n) = 0$  if  $n$  is even and  $\theta(n) = 1$  if  $n$  is odd. **8**
8. (a) Consider the group  $G = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  under multiplication modulo 7. **8**
- (i) Find the multiplication table of G.
- (ii) Find inverse of 2, 3, 6.
- (iii) Find the orders and subgroups generated by 2 and 3.
- (iv) Is G cyclic ?
- (b) Prove that H, a subset of group  $[G, *]$  is a subgroup. **7**

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